SILVER PEAKS EAST METROPOLITAN DISTRICT Weld County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

SILVER PEAKS EAST METROPOLITAN DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	I
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	1
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	2
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	3
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	4
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	5
GENERAL FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	6
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	7
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	20
OTHER INFORMATION	
SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED	22



6025 SOUTH QUEBEC STREET, SUITE 260 CENTENNIAL, COLORADO 80111 303-792-3020 (0) | WWW.WCRCPA.COM

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Silver Peaks East Metropolitan District Weld County, Colorado

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Silver Peaks East Metropolitan District (the "District"), Weld County, Colorado, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Silver Peaks East Metropolitan District, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Silver Peaks East Metropolitan District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Silver Peaks East Metropolitan District 's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Silver Peaks East Metropolitan District 's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

I

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Silver Peaks East Metropolitan District 's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Silver Peaks East Metropolitan District 's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis that governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basis financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basis financial statements is not affected by the missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Silver Peaks East Metropolitan District 's basic financial statements. The supplemental information listed in the table of contents are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and was not a required part of the financial statements.

The supplemental schedule of Capital Projects Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements.

Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Capital Projects Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The schedules of Summary of Assessed Valuation, Mill Levy and Property Taxes Collected have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express any opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Watson Coon Ryan, LLC

June 23, 2022 Centennial, Colorado

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SILVER PEAKS EAST METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 45
Cash and Investments - Restricted	5,117,886
Receivable - County Treasurer	1
Property Taxes Receivable	347
Total Assets	5,118,729
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	14,578
Noncurrent Liabilities:	14,578
Due in More Than One Year	5,583,519
Total Liabilities	5,598,097
Total Liabilities	3,390,097
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenues	347
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	347
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Emergency Reserves	100
Capital Project	14,747
Unrestricted	(494,562)
Onioshiotod	(+0+;002)
Total Net Position	\$ (479,715)
	÷ (,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

SILVER PEAKS EAST METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	E	xpenses	Charg for Servic		Ope Gran	Revenues rating ts and butions	Gran	pital ts and butions	(Exp C <u>Ne</u> Gov	Revenues enses) and hange in t Position vernmental activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General Government Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt	\$	70,407 409,628	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(70,407) (409,628)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	480,035	\$	-	\$		\$			(480,035)
	Pro Sp	ERAL REVE operty Taxes ecific Owners t Investment I Total Genera	hip Taxes ncome							154 8 597 759
	СНА	NGE IN NET	POSITION							(479,276)
	Net	Position - Beg	inning of Yea	ar						(439)
	NET	POSITION -	END OF YE	AR					\$	(479,715)

SILVER PEAKS EAST METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

ASSETS	0	General	 Capital Projects	Go	Total overnmental Fund
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Receivable - County Treasurer Property Taxes Receivable Prepaid Expenses	\$	45 100 1 58 450	\$ - 5,117,786 - 289 -	\$	45 5,117,886 1 347 450
Total Assets	\$	654	\$ 5,118,075	\$	5,118,729
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Total Liabilities	\$	13,339 13,339	\$ 1,239 1,239	\$	14,578 14,578
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Property Taxes Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		<u>58</u> 58	 <u>289</u> 289		<u>347</u> 347
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Prepaid Expense Restricted for: Emergency Reserves Capital Project Unassigned Total Fund Balances		450 100 - (13,293) (12,743)	 - 5,116,547 - 5,116,547		450 100 5,116,547 (13,293) 5,103,804
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	654	\$ 5,118,075		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:					
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Bonds Payable Accrued Interest on Bonds Payable Developer Advance Payable Accrued Interest on Developer Advance					(5,410,000) (115,348) (56,700) (1,471)
Net Position of Governmental Activities				\$	(479,715)

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

SILVER PEAKS EAST METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	G	ieneral	Capital Projects	Go	Total overnmental Fund
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$	154	\$ -	\$	154
Specific Ownership Taxes		8	-		8
Net Investment Income		2	595		597
Total Revenues		164	595		759
EXPENDITURES					
General:					
Accounting		16,989	-		16,989
County Treasurer's Fees		2	-		2
District Management		11,137	-		11,137
Dues		431	-		431
Insurance		3,174	-		3,174
Legal		23,584	-		23,584
Miscellaneous		29	-		29
Capital Projects:					
Engineering		-	3,849		3,849
Irrigation Ditch Easement		-	11,212		11,212
Cost of Issuance		-	 292,809		292,809
Total Expenditures		55,346	 307,870		363,216
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(55,182)	(307,275)		(362,457)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Developer Advance		42,878	13,822		56,700
Bond Proceeds		-	5,410,000		5,410,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		42,878	 5,423,822		5,466,700
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(12,304)	5,116,547		5,104,243
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year		(439)	 		(439)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - END OF YEAR	\$	(12,743)	\$ 5,116,547	\$	5,103,804

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

SILVER PEAKS EAST METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 5,104,243
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., Loans, Developer advances) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds record the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued as expenditures, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	
Bond Issuance Developer Advances	(5,410,000) (56,700)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Accrued Interest on Developer Advance	(1,471)
Accrued Interest on Bonds - Change in Liability	 (115,348)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (479,276)

SILVER PEAKS EAST METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	an	riginal d Final udget	-	octual mounts	Fin F	ance with al Budget Positive egative)
REVENUES	¢	450	¢	454	۴	0
Property Taxes Specific Ownership Taxes	\$	152 8	\$	154 8	\$	2
Net Investment Income		0		-		-
Total Revenues		160		<u>2</u> 164		2
Total Nevenues		100		104		4
EXPENDITURES						
Accounting		15,000		16,989		(1,989)
County Treasurer's Fees		2		2		-
District Management		20,000		11,137		8,863
Dues		600		431		169
Election		1,000		-		1,000
Insurance		3,000		3,174		(174)
Legal		29,000		23,584		5,416
Miscellaneous	_	6,398		29		6,369
Total Expenditures		75,000		55,346		19,654
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(74,840)		(55,182)		19,658
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Developer Advance		74,840		42,878		(31,962)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		74,840		42,878		(31,962)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		(12,304)		(12,304)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year		100		(439)		(539)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$	100	\$	(12,743)	\$	(12,843)

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Silver Peaks East Metropolitan District (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and a political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized on December 1, 2016, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District's service area is located in Town of Lochbuie, Weld County, Colorado.

At a special election of the eligible electors of the District held on November 8, 2016, a majority of those qualified to vote voted in favor of certain ballot questions authorizing the issuance of indebtedness and imposition of taxes for the payment thereof, for the purpose of providing financing for the acquisition, construction, installation, and completion of certain public improvements.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

The District has no employees, and all administrative functions are contracted.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District has determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and facilities.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The District amended its annual capital projects fund budget for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and, generally, sale of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Equity</u>

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

<u>Deficits</u>

The General Fund reported a deficit in the fund financial statements as of December 1, 2021. The deficit will be eliminated with the receipt of funds advanced by the Developer in 2022.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2021, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and Investments	\$ 45
Cash and Investments - Restricted	 5,117,886
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 5,117,931

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2021, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 145
Investments	 5,117,786
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 5,117,931

Cash Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2021, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$12,758 and carrying balance of \$145.

<u>Investments</u>

The District has adopted an investment policy by which it follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities of the World Bank
- . Certain international agency securities
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- * Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2021, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	_	Amount
Colorado Local Government	Weighted-Average		
Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST)	Under 60 Days	\$	5,117,786

<u>COLOTRUST</u>

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers three portfolios – COLOTRUST PRIME, COLOTRUST PLUS+, and COLOTRUST EDGE.

COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+, which operate similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00, offer daily liquidity. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

COLOTRUST EDGE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$10.00 transactional share price. COLOTRUST EDGE may invest in securities authorized by CRS 24-75-601, including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

COLOTRUST (Continued)

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily or weekly, and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2021:

	Balanc Decembe 2020	er 31,	Additions	Reduc	tions	Balance - December 31, 2021	Due Within One Year
Bonds Payable:							
Series 2021(3)	\$	-	\$ 5,410,000	\$	-	\$ 5,410,000	
Total Bonds Payable		-	5,410,000		-	5,410,000	-
Other Debts:							
Developer Advances:							
Operational		-	42,878		-	42,878	-
Capital		-	13,822		-	13,822	-
Accrued Interest on							
Series 2021(3) Bonds		-	115,348		-	115,348	-
Developer Advances:							
Operational		-	1,229		-	1,229	-
Capital		-	242		-	242	-
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$	-	\$ 5,583,519	\$	-	\$ 5,583,519	\$-

The details of the District's general obligation bonds outstanding during 2021 are as follows:

General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2021A(3) (the Bonds)

Bond Proceeds

The District issued the Bonds on July 28, 2021, in the par amount of \$5,410,000. Proceeds from the sale of the Bonds were used to (a) finance or reimburse a portion of the costs of acquiring, constructing, and installing certain public improvements to serve the development; and (b) pay the costs of issuing the Bonds.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Details of the Bonds

The Bonds bear interest at the rate of 5.000% per annum and are payable annually on December 1, beginning on December 1, 2021, but only to the extent of available Pledged Revenue. The Bonds mature on December 1, 2051 and are subject to mandatory redemption to the extent of available Pledged Revenue.

The Bonds are structured as cash flow bonds meaning that there are no scheduled payments of principal or interest. Unpaid interest on the Bonds compounds annually on each December 1. In the event any amounts due and owing on the Bonds remain outstanding on December 2, 2061, such amounts shall be extinguished and no longer due and outstanding.

Optional Redemption

The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on September 1, 2026, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium equal to a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed as follows:

Date of Redemption	<u>Redemption</u> <u>Premium</u>
September 1, 2026, to August 31, 2027 September 1, 2027, to August 31, 2028	3.00% 2.00
September 1, 2028, to August 31, 2029	1.00
September 1, 2029, and thereafter	0.00

Pledged Revenue

The Bonds are secured by and payable solely from and to the extent of Pledged Revenue, which means the moneys derived by the District from the following sources: (a) the Required Mill Levy; (b) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of the imposition of the Required Mill Levy; and (c) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to transfer to the Trustee for application as Pledged Revenue.

Required Mill Levy

The District is required to impose an ad valorem mill levy upon all taxable property of the District each year in the amount of 50.00 mills (subject to adjustment for changes occurring after January 1, 2015, in the method of calculating assessed valuation), less the number of mills necessary to pay any unlimited mill levy debt, or such lesser mill levy which will fund the Bond Fund in an amount sufficient to pay all of the principal of and interest on the Bonds in full. The Required Mill Levy is net of the collection costs of the County and any tax refunds or abatements authorized by or on behalf of the County.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Bonds Debt Service

The annual debt service requirements of the Bonds are not currently determinable since they are payable only from available Pledged Revenue.

Authorized Debt

At December 31, 2021, the District had authorized but unissued indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

	Authorized August 10, 2016 Election	Authorization Used Series 2021(3)	Remaining at December 31, 2021
Water	\$ 5,410,000	\$ 713,846	\$ 4,696,154
Street	5,410,000	1,167,202	4,242,798
Safety Protection	5,410,000	-	5,410,000
TV Relay	5,410,000	-	5,410,000
Park and Recreation	5,410,000	1,105,986	4,304,014
Sanitation	5,410,000	2,422,966	2,987,034
Mosquito Control	5,410,000	-	5,410,000
Public Transportation	5,410,000	-	5,410,000
Security Services	5,410,000	-	5,410,000
Fire Protection	5,410,000	-	5,410,000
Refunding	5,410,000	-	5,410,000
O&M Debt	5,410,000	-	5,410,000
IGA Debt	5,410,000	-	5,410,000
Total	\$ 70,330,000	\$ 5,410,000	# \$ 64,920,000

Pursuant to the Service Plan, the District is permitted to issue bond indebtedness of up to \$5,410,000.

NOTE 5 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components – restricted and unrestricted.

The restricted net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position as of December 31, 2021, as follows:

	Governmental Activities		
Restricted Net Position:			
Emergency Reserves	\$ 100		
Capital Projects	14,747		
Total Restricted Net Position	\$ 14,847		

NOTE 6 RELATED PARTIES

The property within the District is being developed by Forestar (USA) Real Estate Group, Inc (Developer). During 2021, all of the members of the Board of Directors were officers or employees of, or otherwise associated with the Developer, and may have conflicts of interest in matters involving the District.

Infrastructure Acquisition and Funding Agreement

The District and the Developer entered into an Infrastructure Acquisition and Funding Agreement on July 19, 2021. Pursuant to the Agreement, the District and the Developer acknowledge that the District is authorized to construct, acquire and install public improvements and other facilities and services that benefit the Property, subject to the limitations set forth in the Service Plan and the Special District Act.

Pursuant to the Agreement, the obligations of the District in this Agreement are subject to annual appropriation and shall not be deemed to be multiple fiscal year obligations for the purposes of Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, and may not exceed amounts permitted by the District's electoral authorization and Service Plan. The District's obligations under this Agreement shall terminate at the earlier of the repayment in full of the Certified District Eligible Costs or 40 years from the execution date. The District agrees to reimburse the Developer for certified construction costs related to public improvements together within simple interest that shall accrue on amounts reimbursable to the Developer under the Agreement, until paid, at the rate of 6% per annum. Prior to reimbursement, the Developer is required to provide certain materials to the District for review. Following receipt of such materials the District's accountant and engineer shall review the materials to substantiate the costs and issue a cost certification to the District.

As of December 31, 2021, outstanding advances under this Agreement totaled \$13,822 and accrued interest totaled \$242.

Operating Reimbursement Agreement

The District and the Developer entered into an Operating Reimbursement Agreement on July 19, 2021, for the purpose of funding operations and maintenance costs. The Developer agreed to loan to the District one or more sums of money.

Pursuant to the Agreement, the obligations of the District in this Agreement are subject to annual appropriation and shall not be deemed to be multiple fiscal year obligations for the purposes of Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, and may not exceed amounts permitted by the District's electoral authorization and Service Plan. The District's obligations under this Agreement shall terminate at the earlier of the repayment in full of the Certified District Eligible Costs or 40 years from the execution date. With respect to each loan advance made under this agreement prior to the issuance of any Reimbursement Obligation reflecting such advance, the interest rate shall be 6% per annum, from the date any such advance is made, simple interest, to the earlier of the date the Reimbursement Obligation is issued to evidence such advance, or the date of repayment of such amount.

As of December 31, 2021, outstanding advances under this Agreement totaled \$42,878 and accrued interest totaled \$1,229.

NOTE 7 ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The District has not yet established a revenue base sufficient to pay operational expenditures. Until an independent revenue base is established, continuation of operations in the District will be dependent upon funding by the Developer.

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 9 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATION

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

On November 8, 2016, the District's voters approved for an annual increase in taxes of \$5,000,000 for general operations and maintenance without limitation of rate. This election question allowed the District to collect and spend the additional revenue without regard to any spending, revenue raising, or other limitations contained within TABOR.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases. As of December 31, 2021, the District had provided but did not fund an Emergency Reserve, which may be a violation of the Constitutional Amendment.

NOTE 9 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATION (CONTINUED)

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SILVER PEAKS EAST METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgets OriginalFinal				Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	•		•				•	((0 =)
Net Investment Income	\$	-	\$	1,000	\$	595	\$	(405)
Total Revenues		-		1,000		595		(405)
EXPENDITURES								
Contingency		-		1,850		-		1,850
Cost of Issuance		-		293,000		292,809		191
Engineering		-		3,850		3,849		1
Irrigation Ditch Easement		-		11,300		11,212		88
Total Expenditures		-		310,000		307,870		2,130
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES		-		(309,000)		(307,275)		1,725
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Developer Advance		-		14,000		13,822		(178)
Bond Proceeds		-		5,410,000		5,410,000		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		5,424,000		5,423,822		(178)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		5,115,000		5,116,547		1,547
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year				-		-		-
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	-	\$	5,115,000	\$	5,116,547	\$	1,547

OTHER INFORMATION

SILVER PEAKS EAST METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Year Ended	Prior Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year nded Property			Mills Levied for			Total Property Taxes			
December 31,	Ta	ix Levy	General	Debt Service	Levied		Collected		to Levied	
2017	\$	2,300	60.000	0.000	\$	138	\$	138	100.00 %	
2018		2,390	66.333	0.000		159		158	99.66	
2019		2,390	66.333	0.000		159		158	99.66	
2020		2,330	66.794	0.000		156		157	100.64	
2021		2,280	66.794	0.000		152		154	101.32	
Estimated for the Year Ending December 31,										
2022	\$	5,200	11.132	55.640	\$	347				